8.EE.7

1. What is the value of t that satisfies the equation below?

$$3(t+4) - 2(2t+3) = -4$$

$$A - \frac{11}{3}$$

$$B - \frac{4}{5}$$

- C 10
- D 11
- 2. What is the solution to the equation shown below?

$$\frac{2}{3}x+5=1$$

- **A** x = -6
- B x=4
- C x = -4.5
- D $\chi = 9$
- 3. What is the solution to the equation below?

$$5c + 4 = 2(c - 5)$$

$$A \quad c = -4\frac{2}{3}$$

B
$$c = -3$$

$$c c = -2$$

4. What value for the constant, h, in the equation shown below will result in an infinite number of solutions?

$$6x + 18 = h(3x + 9)$$

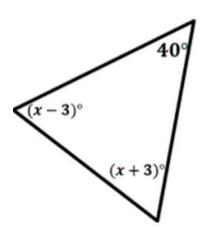
- A -2
- B -3

5. Which best describes the type of solution that results from solving the following equation?

$$3x + 7 = 7$$

A. One solution

- C. No solution
- B. Infinitely many solutions
- D. None of the above
- ^{6.} The sum of the angles of a triangle is 180°. What are the angle measurements in the triangle below?



A. 40°, 70°, 70°

C. 40°,77°,63°

B. 40°, 67°, 73°

D. 40°,78°,62°

Which statement best describes the solution to the following equation?

$$-2(x+3) = 5x - 7x - 6$$

- A. x = 0, because the equation C. There are infinitely many is never true.
- solutions, because the equation is always true.
- B. The equation is only true for x = -6.
- D. There is no solution, because the equation is never true.
- 8. Which of the following equations does not have a solution?

A.
$$2x + 1 = x - 3$$

C.
$$2x - 1 = 2x - 1$$

B.
$$2x + 1 = 2x - 3$$

D.
$$2x + 5 = 5$$

9. Solve the equation, $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$, for C.

A.
$$C = \frac{9}{5}(F - 32)$$

C.
$$C = \frac{5}{9}F - 32$$

B.
$$C = \frac{9}{5}F - 32$$

D.
$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

10. Solve the equation for x.

$$3+1.5x+7=-90-x$$

A.
$$x = -40$$

C.
$$x = -4$$

B.
$$x = -32$$

D.
$$x = -3.2$$

11. Mary was working to solve the following equation.

$$\frac{1}{4}(3x-8+9x) = 2x-4+x$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(12x-8) = 3x-4$$

$$3x-2 = 3x-4$$

$$3x-3x = -4+2$$

$$0 = -2$$

Which statement is correct?

- A. Mary made a mistake; there is one solution for this equation.
- C. Mary did everything correctly; there is no solution for this equation.
- B. Mary made a mistake; there are many solutions for this equation.
- Mary did everything correctly; there are many solutions for this equation.
- 12. Suzette is solving the linear equation below. Her steps are shown below:

$$\frac{1}{9}x + \frac{4}{9}x - 5 = 10$$
$$\frac{5}{9}x - 5 = 10$$
$$\frac{5}{9}x = 15$$

What would be the last step to solve the equation?

- A. Subtract $\frac{5}{9}$ from both sides of the equation.
- C. Divide both sides of the equation by $\frac{9}{5}$.
- B. Multiply both sides of the equation by $\frac{9}{5}$.
- D. Subtract 15 from both sides of the equation.

^{13.} Which of the equations is equivalent to -5(x+2) - 3 = 12?

A.
$$-5x - 13 = 12$$

C.
$$-5x -= 12$$

B.
$$-5x - 1 = 12$$

D.
$$-5x + 7 = 12$$

14. Kendall transformed the equation into a simpler form as shown.

$$\frac{1}{3}(5x-15+4x) = 1+3x+4$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(9x-15) = 3x+5$$

$$3x-5 = 3x+5$$

$$3x-3x = -5+5$$

$$0 = 0$$

Which statement is correct?

- A. Kendall made a mistake; the equation has no solution.
- B. Kendall did everything correctly; the equation has no solution.
- C. Kendall made a mistake; the equation has an infinite number of solutions.
- D. Kendall did everything correctly; the equation has an infinite number of solutions.

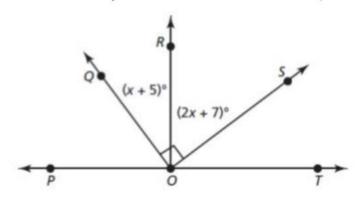
Consider the equation below.

$$3x + 5 = 3x - 5$$

Which statement **best** describes the solution?

- A. The equation has infinitely many solutions
- B. The equation has one solution, x = 0.
- C. The equation has one solution, $x = \frac{3}{5}$.
- D. The equation has no solution.

The figure below shows several rays that share a common endpoint.



What is the measure of $\angle QOR$?

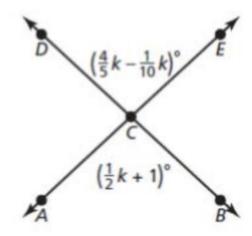
A. 61°

C. 31°

B. 59°

D. 26°

In the diagram below $m \angle ACB = m \angle DCE$.



What is the value of k?

A. 4

C. 6

B. 5

D. 7

Kendall transformed the equation $\frac{1}{3}(5x-15+4x)=1+3x+4$ into a simpler form as shown.

$$\frac{1}{3}(5x - 15 + 4x) = 1 + 3x + 4$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(9x + 15) = 3x + 5$$

$$3x - 5 = 3x + 5$$

$$3x - 3x = -5 + 5$$

$$0 = 0$$

Which statement is correct?

- A. Kendall made a mistake; the equation has no solution.
- B. Kendall did everything correctly; the equation has no solution.
- C. Kendall made a mistake; the equation has an infinite number of solutions.
- D. Kendall did everything correctly; the equation has an infinite number of solutions.

Which equation has the same solution as $\frac{1}{2}(6-x) + 3x = \frac{1}{2}x - 8$? Circle the letter of the correct answer.

A
$$3 + 2x = \frac{1}{2}x - 8$$

B
$$6 - x + 3x = x - 16$$

C
$$3 + \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{1}{2}x - 8$$

D
$$6 - x + 3x = x - 8$$

What is solution of 5 + 3(y - 4) = 5(y + 2) - y?

A
$$10\frac{1}{2}$$

B
$$7\frac{1}{3}$$

Which equation does **not** have the same solution as $\frac{1}{3}(9-2x) = x + 1$?

A
$$2 = 1\frac{2}{3}x$$

c
$$9-2x=3x+3$$

B
$$3-2x=x+1$$
 D $-5x=-6$

D
$$-5x = -6$$

Which shows a correct first step for solving the equation 2(3x - 8) = 32?

- **A** 3x 8 = 15
- **B** 5x 10 = 32
- **C** 6x 8 = 32
- **D** 6x 16 = 32

Claire wants to solve the equation $-\frac{1}{4}(x-1) = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$.

Which step would not be an appropriate first step for Claire to take to solve for x?

- Multiply both sides by -4.
- Use the distributive property to distribute $-\frac{1}{4}$.
- Add 1 to both sides.
- Multiply both sides by $\frac{3}{2}$.

In the equation below, for what value of c does x = 4?

$$\frac{1}{2}(2x+4) = 3x - c$$

-6

-3

D



Choose Yes or No to tell whether the equation has the given solution.

- **a.** 2x + 4 = 3x 2; x = 6
- **b.** $\frac{1}{4}x + 3 = \frac{3}{4}x + 1; x = 8$ Yes **c.** 3x 5 = 0.5x; x = 2 Yes

- **d.** $\frac{2}{3}(3x+6) = 3x-4; x=8$ Yes