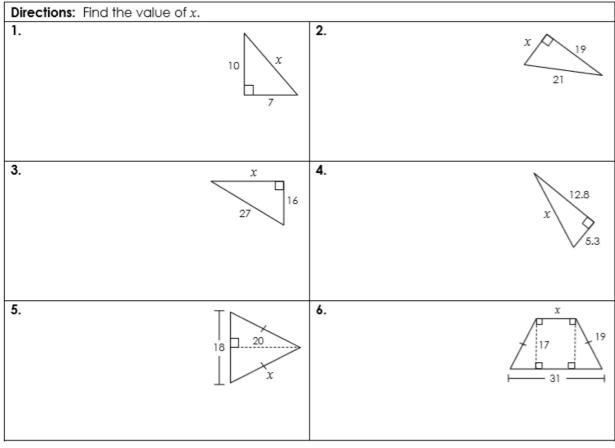
| Name:   |  | Date:        |  |
|---------|--|--------------|--|
| Topic:  |  | Class:       |  |
| DO NOW: | Directions: Find the value of $x$ . Round each answer to the nearest 1.    8 |              |  |
|         | 3. 7 4.  | 19.1<br>30.5 |  |

| Main Ideas/Questions | Notes/Examples  |
|----------------------|---|
|                      | Given a triangle with sides $a$ , $b$ , and $c$ :                           |
| PYTHAGOREAN          | • If, then the triangle is  |
| THEOREM              | • If, then the triangle is  |
| Cornerse             | • If, then the triangle is  |
|                      | Always keep " $c^2$ " on the LEFT side to avoid confusion when classifying! |

|  | <b>Directions:</b> First, determine if the three side lengths could form a triangle. |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|--|--|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|----------------|
| (Recall from earlier, the sum of the two smaller sides must be greater that third side). If yes, classify the triangle further as acute, right, or obtuse. |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
| Examples   | <b>1.</b> 3, 7, 9  | ss, classify i | ne mangle n         | <b>2.</b> 20, 21, 29       | JIUSE | 7.             |
|  | ,.,.   |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  |                | ■ Not a ∆           |                            |       | Not a $\Delta$ |
|  |  |                | □ Acute             |                            |       | Acute          |
|  |  |                | □ Right             |                            |       | Right          |
|  |  |                | Obtuse              |                            |       | Obtuse         |
|  | <b>3.</b> 4, 11, 16  |                |                     | <b>4.</b> 17, 17, 22       |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  |                | □ Nota∆             |                            |       | Not a $\Delta$ |
|  |  |                | □ Acute             |                            |       | Acute          |
|  |  |                | Right               |                            |       | Right          |
|  |  |                | Obtuse              |                            |       | Obtuse         |
|  | <b>5</b> . 18, 24, 30  |                |                     | <b>6.</b> 8, 15, 23        |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  |                | ■ Not a ∆           |                            |       | Not a $\Delta$ |
|  |  |                | ■ Acute             |                            |       | Acute          |
|  |  |                | □ Right             |                            |       | Right          |
|  |  |                | □ Obtuse            |                            |       | Obtuse         |
|  | <b>7.</b> 31, 35, 39   |                |                     | <b>8</b> . 11, 19, 28      |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  |                | ■ Not a ∆           |                            |       | Not a $\Delta$ |
|  |  |                | □ Acute             |                            |       | Acute          |
|  |  |                | □ Right             |                            |       | Right          |
|  |  |                | Obtuse              |                            |       | Obtuse         |
|  | de lengths, dete   | ermine wh      | ether the tr        | iangle is acute, right, ob | tuse  | , or not       |
| a triangle.<br>11. 15, 16, 21  |  |                | <b>12</b> . 20, 23, | 41                         |       |                |
| 11. 10, 10, 21   |  |                | 12. 20, 20,         | , 41                       |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  | Not a $\Delta$ |                     |                            |       | Not a $\Delta$ |
|  |  | Acute          |                     |                            |       | Acute          |
|  |  | Right          |                     |                            |       | Right          |
|  |  | Obtuse         |                     |                            |       | Obtuse         |
| <b>13</b> . 10, 24, 26   |  |                | <b>14.</b> 6, 13, 3 | 20                         |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  |                |                     |                            |       |                |
|  |  | Not a $\Delta$ |                     |                            |       | Not a $\Delta$ |
|  |  | Acute          |                     |                            |       | Acute          |
|  |  | Right          |                     |                            |       | Right          |
|  |  | Obtuse         |                     |                            |       | Obtuse         |

## **Independent Practice**





8. Scott is using a 12-foot ramp to help load furniture into the back of a moving truck. If the back of the truck is 3.5 feet from the ground, what is the horizontal distance from where the ramp reaches the ground to the truck?

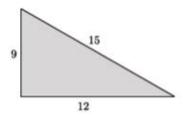
| 9)  | Find the measure of side c if a = 5 inches and b = 9 inches. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary. | 10) | Find the measure of side b if a = 2 inches and c = 12 inches. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary. |
|-----|---|-----|--|
| 11) | Find the measure of side a if c = 10 cm and b = 8 cm. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.        | 12) | Find the measure of side c if a = 10 feet and b = 12 feet. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.    |
| 13) | Find the missing side length. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.                                | 14) | Find the missing side length. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.                                 |

13 cm

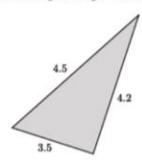
2.5 ft.

| <b>15.</b> 3, 16, 17 |                | <b>16.</b> 24, 29, 32 |                |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
|                      |                |                       |                |
|                      |                |                       |                |
|                      | Not a $\Delta$ |                       | Not a $\Delta$ |
|                      | Acute          |                       | Acute          |
|                      | Right          |                       | Right          |
|                      | Obtuse         |                       | Obtuse         |

17. The numbers in the diagram below indicate the units of length of each side of the triangle. Is the triangle shown below a right triangle? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.



18. The numbers in the diagram below indicate the units of length of each side of the triangle. Is the triangle shown below a right triangle? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.



19) The numbers in the diagram below indicate the units of length of each side of the triangle. Is the triangle shown below a right triangle? Show your work, and answer in a complete sentence.

