

11.3 Other Patterns of Inheritance

Lesson Objectives

Describe the other patterns of inheritance.

Explain the relationship between genes and the environment.

Lesson Summary

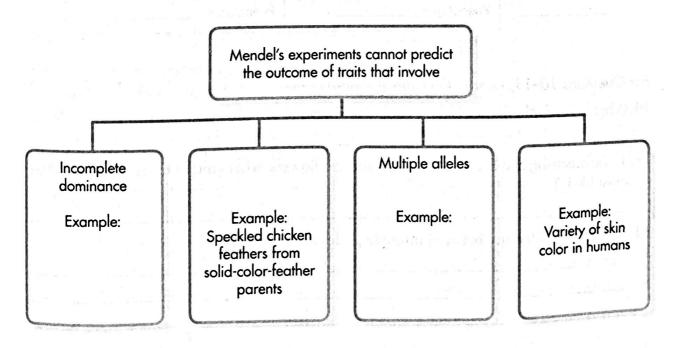
Beyond Dominant and Recessive Alleles Some alleles are neither dominant nor recessive:

- ▶ In cases of incomplete dominance, neither allele is completely dominant over the other. The phenotype is a blend of the two homozygous phenotypes.
- ▶ In cases of **codominance**, both alleles in the heterozygous genotype are expressed in the phenotype.
- ▶ Genes with **multiple alleles** have more than two forms of the same gene. There may be more than one dominant form and several different phenotypes.
- ▶ Polygenic traits are controlled by the interaction of two or more genes and exhibit a wide range of phenotypes.

Genes and the Environment The phenotype of an organism results only partly from its genotype. Environmental conditions can affect how genes are expressed.

Beyond Dominant and Recessive Alleles

1. Complete the graphic organizer to summarize exceptions to Mendel's principles.



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Name

genes al	nd the Environment
or Questions 13	-16, complete each statement by writing in the correct word or words.
3. All organion	results from its genotype and its environment.
4. Some	produce variable traits depending on environmental conditions.
5. Western white	e butterflies vary in their wing color because their varies when they hatch.
butterflies.	is an environmental variable that affects wing color in western white
For each of the for is determined by	ollowing examples, write G if the trait is determined by genotype, and E if it environment.
17	Turtles whose eggs hatch at higher temperatures tend to be female.
	A blue-eyed girl is born to two blue-eyed parents.
19.	Bees in a colony are assigned different jobs. As they develop, workers begin to look dramatically different.
20.	— A pair of twins is separated at birth. They grow up in different countries and speak different languages.
21.	A litter of puppies is born. They are all gray except one, which is brown.
22.	— Tall pea plant seeds are planted in different locations around a yard. They produce plants of different heights.
23	A kitten is born with six toes.
24	A rabbit is born weak with hunger.
Apply and	
	birth to four puppies. The father has brown eyes, and the mother has green uppies have brown eyes. One has green eyes. One puppy has blue eyes. What I you about how the cellular information for eye color is passed on? Explain.
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